UNDERSTANDING NOISE COMPLAINTS

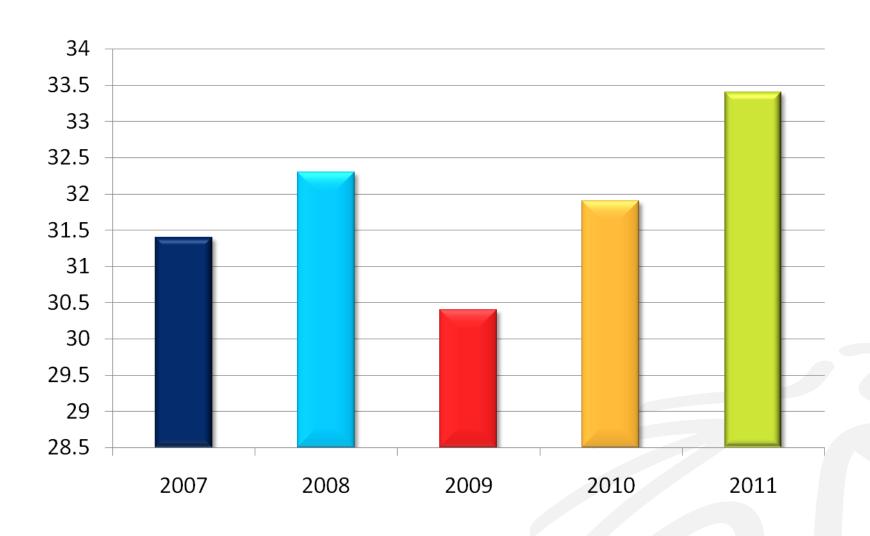
Agenda

- Objective of Meeting
- Toronto Pearson We are Growing
- Mitigating our Impacts
- Where Complaints Fit
- Toronto Pearson's Noise Complaint Process
- What's next

Objective of this session

- Situate complaints as one tool in our kit of mitigation measures
- Share the process, build understanding
- Get feedback are we tracking and reporting on the trends that matter to the community?
- Improve complaint collection and usage

Passenger Traffic (millions)



MITIGATING OUR IMPACT

Our Area of Responsibility



Toronto Pearson International Airport Noise Management Program



lotten:

- The GTAA is responsible for registering and responding to noise compatints within a distance of 10 nautical miles related to aircraft arriving to or departing from Toronto Pearson.
- Complaints from aircraft oeprations within 10 noutical miles of the Toronto Pearson perimeter not operating to or from Toronto Pearson are referred to Transport Ganada or the related airport.
- 3) Extended runway centrelines show the approximate flight path of arriving aircraft during final approach. The actual flight paths can vary slightly depending on wind, weather, and individual aircraft operation.
- 4) The Pearson Airport Operating Area uses well-defined natural or man-made boundaries to approximate the 30 NEF composite contour consisting of the 1996 and 2000 NEF.
- The source of the underlying map data is DMTI Spatial Inc. The release date is January 2009.

Greater Toronto Airports Authority



Strategic Planning & Airport Development

July 30, 2009

Our Industry

- Noise management is a complex issue that balances variables:
 - Safety
 - Travellers want better connections to more destinations
 - Airlines want to
 - improve overall operational efficiencies
 - reduce fuel consumption and greenhouse gas emissions
 - Understanding that we operate in an intensely urban area
 - Airport's mandate to provide aviation services to meet the demands of Southern Ontario

These factors are considered when working to strike a balance between operating a growing airport and regional economic engine and the impact on our neighbours

Our Toolbox

- Noise Management Program
 - Noise certification, Night Flight Restriction Program,
 Standard arrival and departure procedures
- Operate a Noise Management Office
- Establish and enforce noise mitigation measures
- Host Community Environment & Noise Advisory Committee (CENAC)
- Coordinate activities to build awareness and understanding around airport operations
- Complaints collection, analysis, investigation, tracking and reporting

COMPLAINTS

Tough Questions



Why you make complaints

- Seek a change in airport operations
- Express a concern about a:
 - Specific operation
 - Specific aircraft
 - Specific procedure
 - Change or an aircraft noise not previously noticed
- Seek Information
 - Airport noise and operations, in general

Do complaints result in change?

- People often ask if filing noise complaints will change how the airport operates
 - Unfortunately, it is not that simple
- Most complaints are against a standard, permitted operation
 - Aircraft following required procedure
 - Procedure is determined by operational factors, such as wind and weather, entrenched noise abatement procedures
 - An "uncontrollable" nighttime operation, such as medevac flights, military and police operations, weather

Why don't more complaints result in change?

Because we are:

- Governed by safety
- Highly regulated, little flexibility
- Operating a mature airport in a mature environment
 - A robust noise management program with rigorous check and balances
 - 95% of jet aircraft operating at Toronto Pearson are Chapter 4 compliant
 - The noise footprint around Toronto Pearson has reduced significantly over the past 15 years

Why complaints matter

- Noise Management is a significant consideration in decision making by the GTAA
- The Noise Management Program and associated published procedures in place today are in part the result of noise concerns, impacts and trends over the years

Why complaints matter

Validation

- A check that procedures are being followed - no deviation from the noise abatement procedures
- Data collection validate our operations
- Identify trends or irregularities that may need to be investigated or assessed
- Track trials
- Sense of impact of airport operations

Outreach & Education

- Educate
- Provide accurate information
- Provide insight to what noise issues are, gauge level of concern over a procedure or operation
- Tool for elected officials to understand community concerns
- Interact and engage with our neighbours

THE PROCESS

What typically generates a complaint?

- Aircraft (time of day/season)
- Normal operations (specific operation)
- Unusual operations (construction/weather)
- General Information
- Media
- Aircraft not previously noticed
- Trials
- Change in flight patterns
- Noise event (a loud noise)
- New resident
- Potential violation

Make a Noise Complaint

- Direct
- Phone
 - Noise Management Office (416-247-7682)
 - Monday to Friday 8 AM to 5 PM
 - Prompted voice message system after hours/weekends
- Internet website
 - TorontoPearson.com (On-line form)
- Indirect
- Email
- Elected officials

Information Required to Register a Complaint

- Date and time of incident
- Location and description of event (usually same as above)
 - As much information as possible to ensure the event is investigated and responded to accurately
- Personal information to register a complaint:
 - Name
 - Address/City/Postal Code
 - Phone number
- Missing information
 - Cannot investigate; therefore
 - Cannot register

Complaints – Method Received - 2011

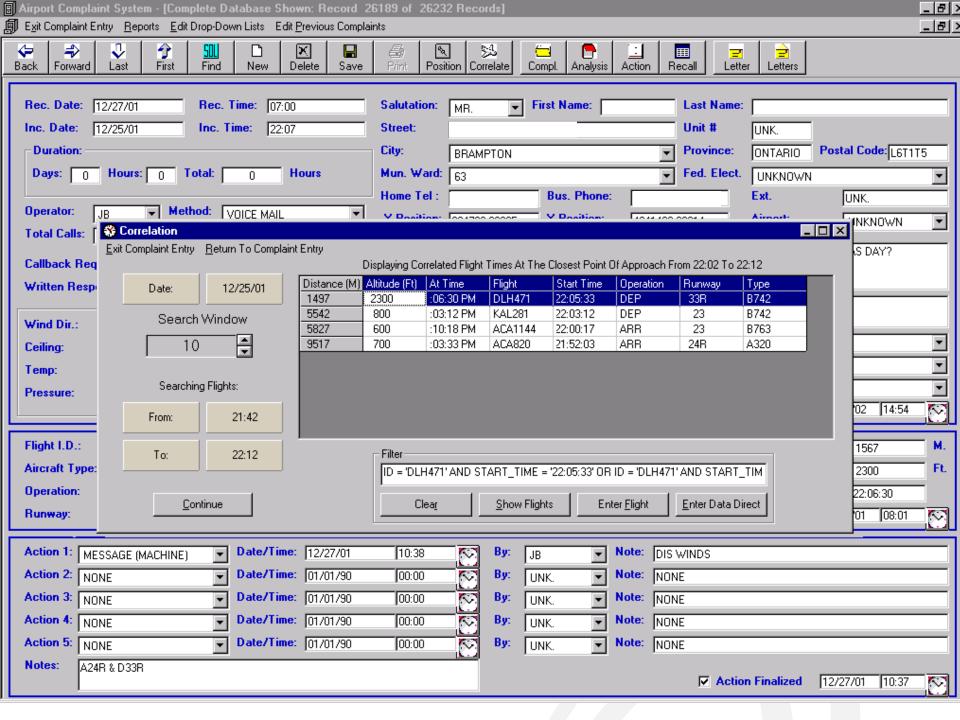
	Email	Voicemail	Telephone	Other	Total
Total	433	204	155	1	793
Response Requested	263	140	22	1	426
Response Not Requested	170	64	133	0	367

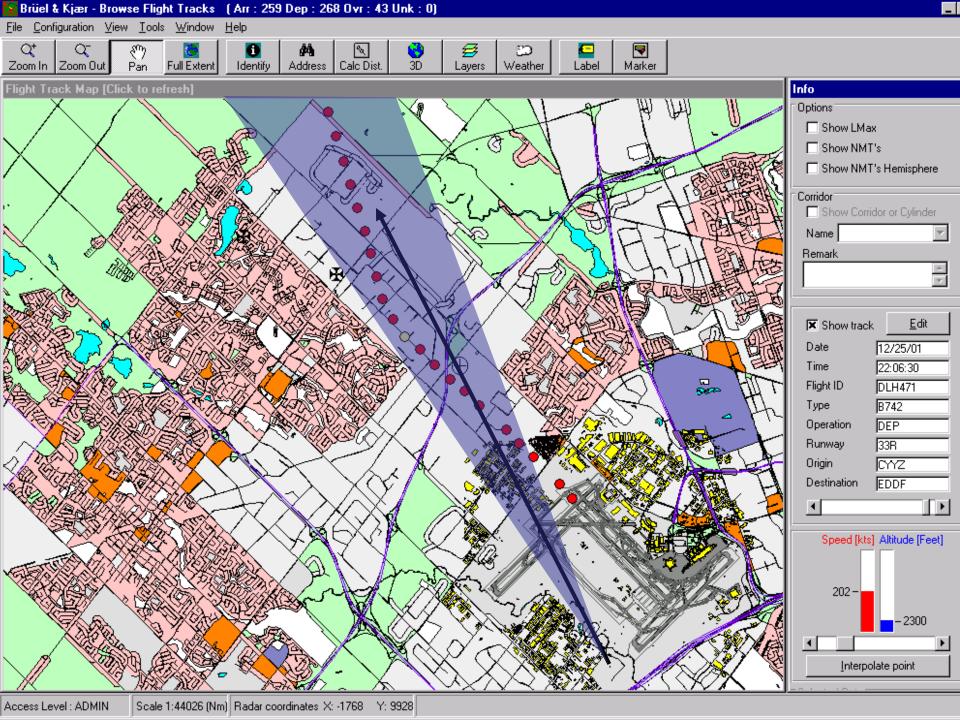
Types of Complaints

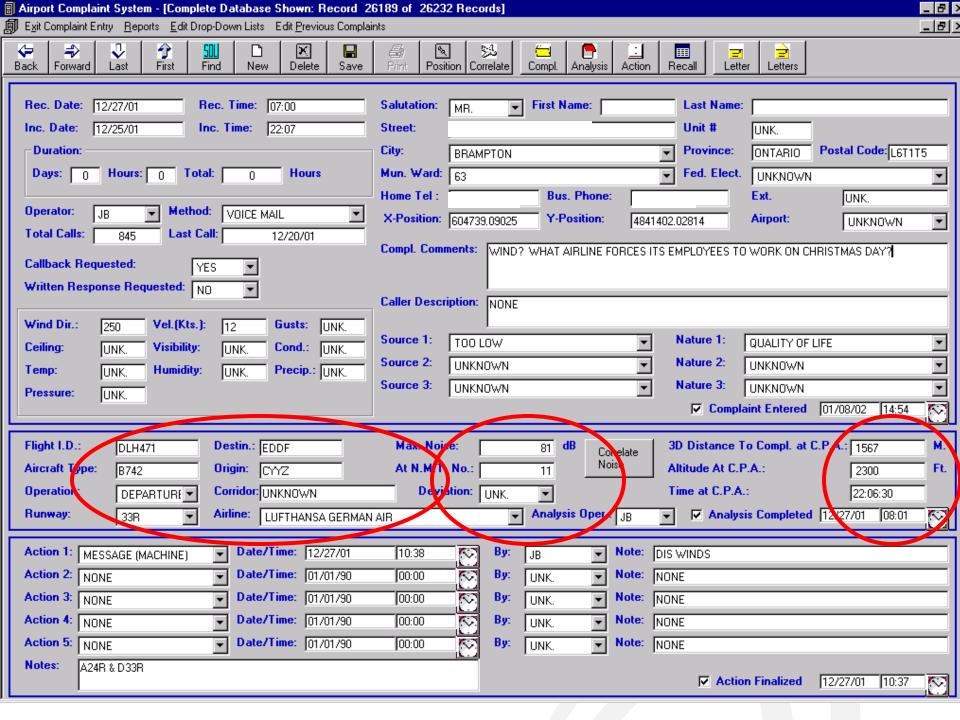
- Complaints recorded in the Noise Complaint Database
 - Aircraft specific complaint (650 complaints in 2011)
 - E.g. Flight123, A320, departure off of Runway 23
 - Operational complaint (143 complaints in 2011)
 - E.g. Arrivals on Runway 33L
- Complaints are further categorized by source (for example):
 - Too loud; too late; too frequent; too low; too early
 - Downwind
 - Rollback noise
 - Flight Check
 - Prop Departure
 - Early Jet Turn
 - Weather Avoidance
 - Trial
 - Overshoot

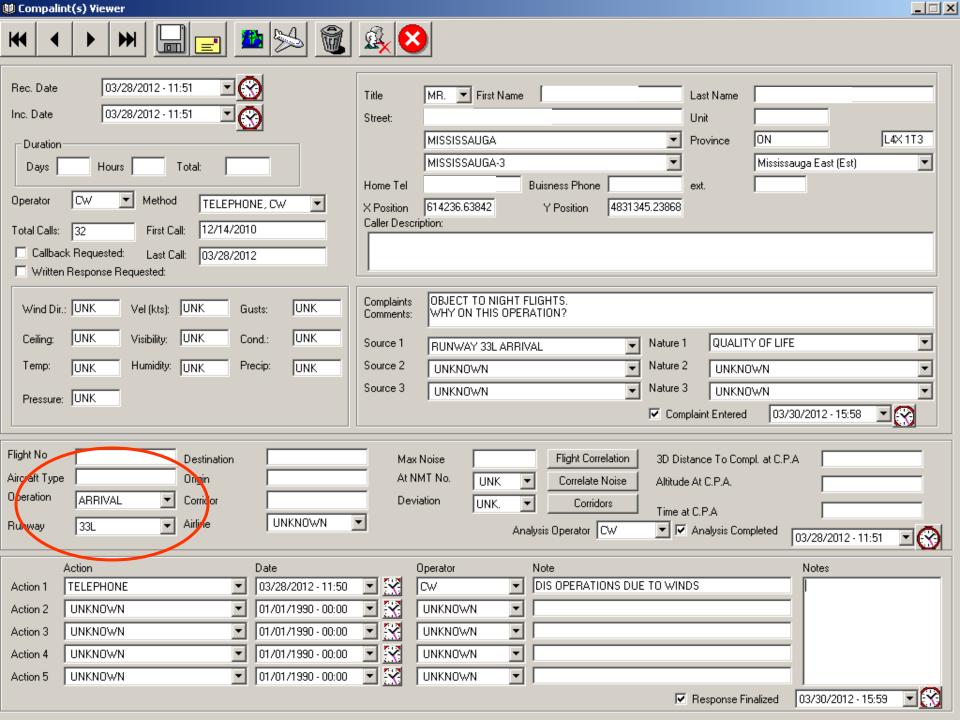
Investigating a Complaint

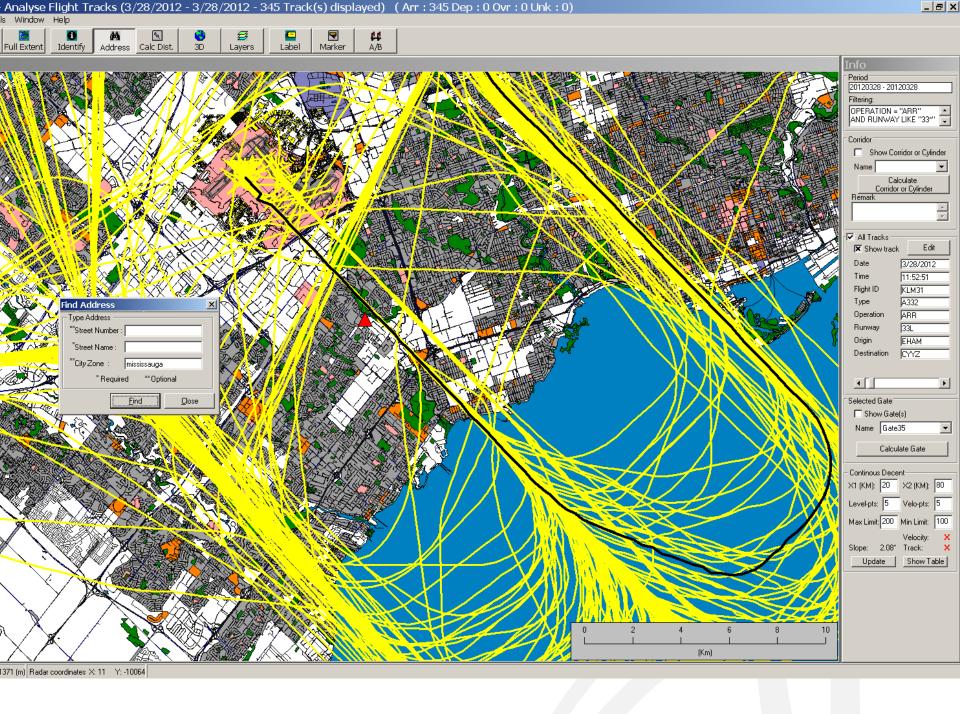
- All complaints are investigated by the Noise Management office
- Airport Noise Monitoring and Flight Tracking System to:
 - Query date and time of incident
 - Identify location
 - Review related flight tracks and operations
 - Correlate specific flight/operation with flight track data and noise data (if available)
 - Follow up with a callback if requested
 - Register the complaint in the Noise Complaint Database











Other Sources for Information

- Tower log data/reports
- Computerized Operational Data Entry System (CODES)
- Daily Executive Overview Reports/emails
- Maintenance run-up approval forms
- Weather data

Responding to Complaints

Contact complainants requesting a response within two business days

- Some complaints that require more investigation may require a bit more time
- Follow-up, typically by phone

Information shared:

- General flight information (operation; runway; aircraft type and altitude)
- Confirmation flight followed standard noise abatement procedures
- Noise information (if applicable/available)
- FAQs are also a good source of information

Information not shared:

Air Carrier/flight number

Registering a Complaint

- Complaints are registered in the noise complaint database
- The database stores a file on each complaint and complainant for future tracking and reporting

Complaint Criteria - Restrictions

- Complainants can only register a complaint for themselves
- All noise complaints must be reported by the 15th day of the following month to be registered
- Threats, offensive, abusive or profane language may result in the complaint not being accepted
- Two Hour Rule
 - Multiple complaints are registered as a single complaint when they are:
 - From one complainant
 - Received during a 2-hour period
 - Against the same operation (e.g. arrivals on Runway 33L)
 - Tracked as a multi-complaint
 - Trends are not impacted by the 2 hour rule

Two Hour Rule - Breakdown

	Total Reported Complaints	How many were multis	Breakdown multis into 1:1	Total Complaints 1:1
2011	793	60 (17 complainants)	143	936
2012 (Jan-Apr)	575	174 (12 complainants)	541	1116

Toronto and Other Airport Practices - 2011

Toronto

- 423,891 movements; 793 complaints; 275 callers
- Complaint registration: 1/person/2hrs (same operation)

Montreal

- 227,848 movements; 799 complaints; 271 callers
- Complaint registration: 1/person/day

Vancouver

- 296,000 movements; 787 complaints; 321 callers
- Complaint registration: 1/person/call
 - 1 call may note multiple incidents, registered as 1 complaint

Denver

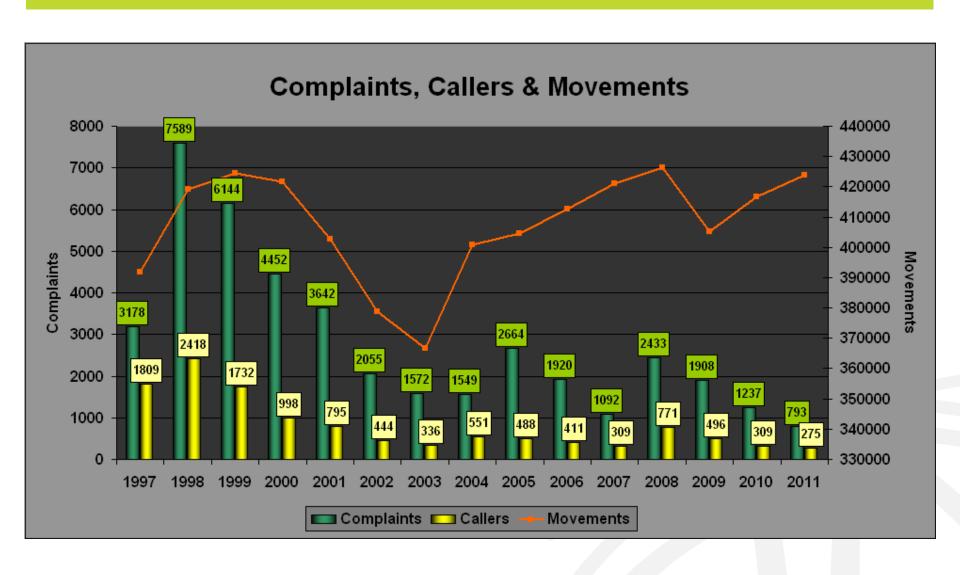
- 634,780 movements; 2,293 complaints; 52 callers
- Complaint registration: 1/person/call
 - 1 call may note multiple incidents, registered as 1 complaint

Enforcement

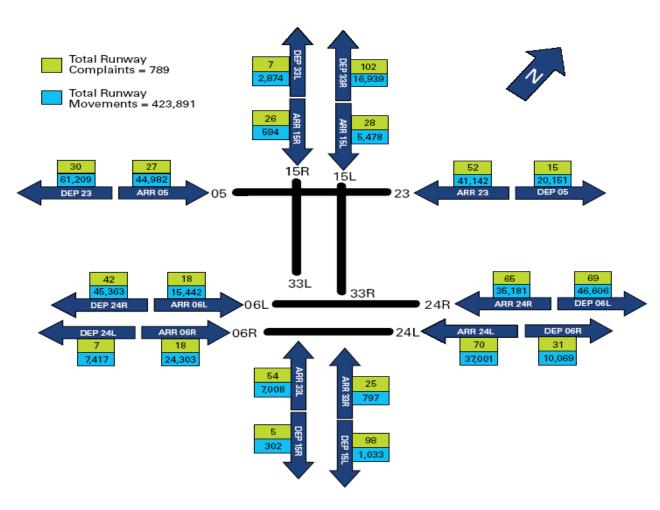
- If analysis suggests noise abatement procedures were not followed, details are forwarded to the Enforcement Office for further investigation
- Enforcement Office monitors compliance of:
 - Noise Abatement Procedures (NAPs)
 - departure procedures
 - arrival procedures
 - Noise Operating Restrictions
- Potential violations are then reported to Transport Canada for further investigation and possible enforcement
 - Transport Canada/Civil Aviation Enforcement has the sole authority to assess punitive action

Complaint Reporting

- Reports are generated on a regular basis
 - Annual Noise Management Reports
- Reports (standard or requested) are provided to:
 - CENAC
 - Board of Directors
 - Technical Noise Committee
 - Elected officials
 - Public

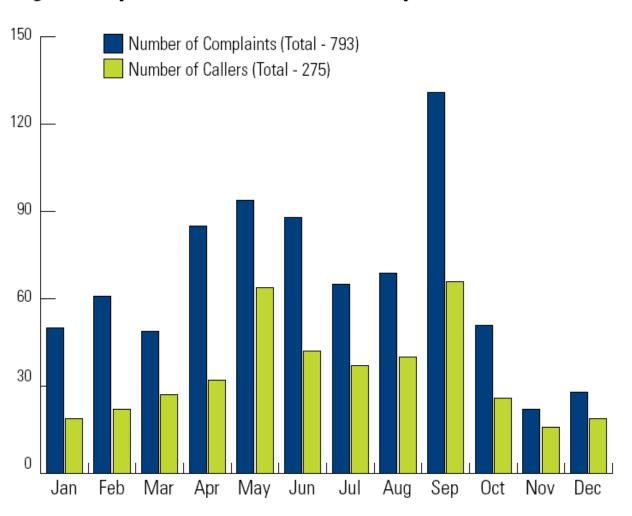


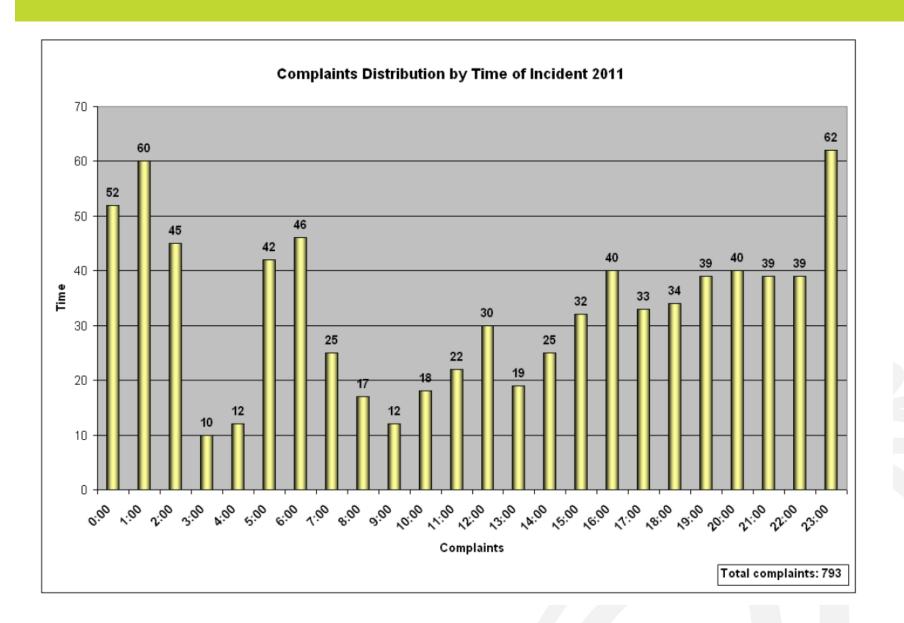
Comparison of Noise Complaints by Runway Operation



Non Runway Complaints: 1 overshoot, 2 flight checks and 1 helicopter.

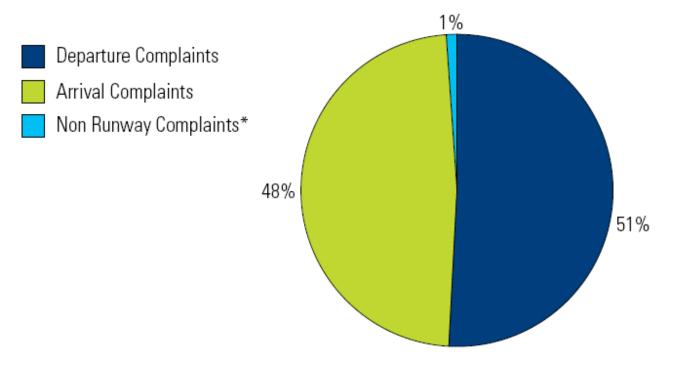
Monthly Comparison of Noise Complaints and Callers





- Complaint breakdown for 2011:
- Daytime Complaints (06:30 to 00:29 am)
 - Total Complaints = 583
 - Total Callers = 211
- Nighttime Complaints (00:30 to 06:29 am)
 - Total Complaints = 210
 - Total Callers = 100

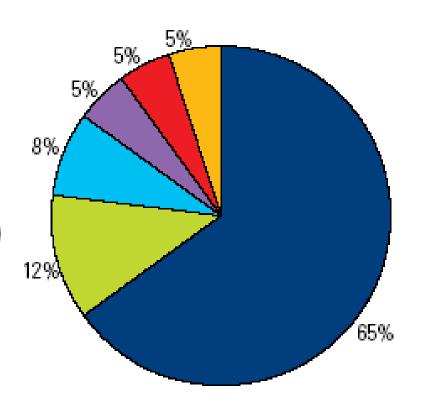
Noise Complaints by Operation



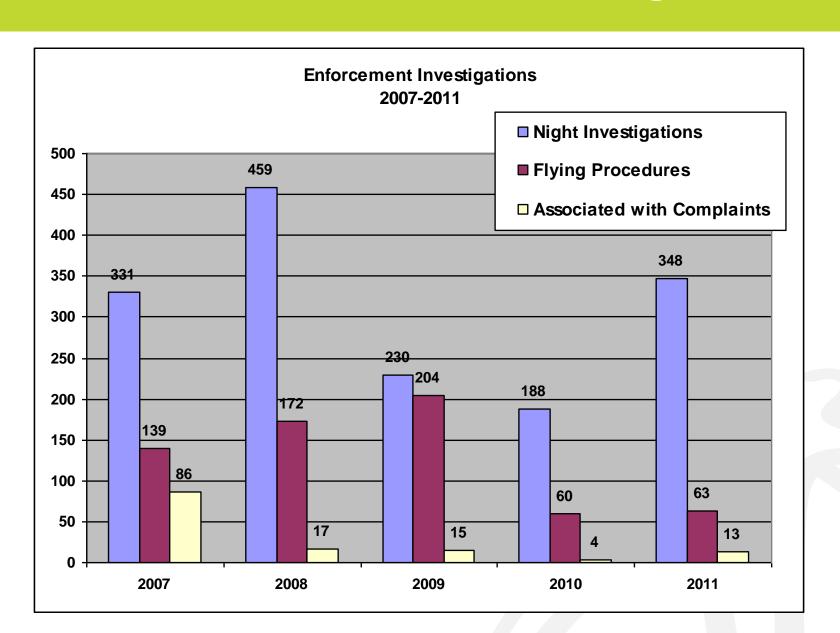
^{*}Non Runway Operations include flight checks, maintenance run-ups, helicopter operations, overshoots and unknown sources.

Top Five Callers vs. All Other Callers

- All Others
- Brampton
- Toronto (South Etobicoke)
- Toronto (Yonge and Lawrence)
- Toronto (Yonge and Lawrence)
- Toronto (Mt. Pleasant and Davisville)



Aviation Enforcement Investigations



Trials & Reporting

- Early Jet Turn North/South Runways Trial
 - March 2008 to April 2012
 - 20% (1,982) of eligible aircraft conducted an early turn
 - Six related noise complaints in four years
- Propeller Aircraft Turn Extended Hours Trial
 - March 2008 to April 2012
 - Hours of 06:30 to 06:59 am
 - 93% (2,454) of props conducted early turns
 - Hours of 11:01 to 11:30 pm
 - 85% (3,317) of props conducted early turns
 - 72 related noise complaints in four years

WHAT'S NEXT?

Airport Noise & Operations Monitoring System

- New Airport Noise & Operations Monitoring System (ANOMS) – Late 2012
- Community information and awareness
 - WebTrak online community access to flight track information and historical data
 - Animated replay of flight tracks enabling investigation of aircraft noise disturbances
- Advanced statistical reporting capabilities
- 17 community Noise Monitoring Terminals



Thank You